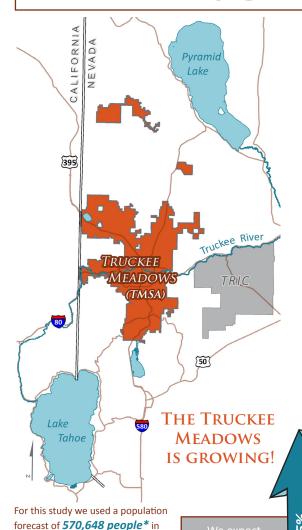
# TRUCKEE MEADOWS HOUSING STUDY ECONOMICS • FINANCE • PLANNING





## Housing Affordability is a Persistent Issue in our Region



49%

of

Rate (

Growth

120,000 New

Residents

According to US Census data over 1/3 of the households in our region are cost-burdened.

That means they are spending more than 33% of monthly income on housing costs.

Median House Price 2015:

Median Rent \$875/mo. 2015:

55% of residents cannot afford to pay for a house in the median sales price range (requires an annual salary of \$60,000).

Residents making less than \$20,000 have very few housing choices, as only 4% of the existing housing units have rents they can afford.

# The Truckee Meadows Has About 175,000 Housing Units

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**Housing Types** 

High-Density; Single-Family/Low-Density Multi-Family



High-Density Multi-Family -Single-family detached unit on a lot of 20,000 square feet and larger

Description

-Single-family detached unit on a lot between 6,000 and 20,000 square feet

-Single-family detached unit on a 4,500 square foot lot -Townhouse or Tri-plex on a 4.000 square foot lot

-Two or three story garden apartment building with about 15 to 30 dwelling units per acre

-Multi-story apartment or condominium building with more than 30 dwelling units per acre

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10%

**Housing Stock** 

9% of housing stock 15,000 housing units

45% of housing stock 80,000 housing units

18% of housing stock 31,000 housing units

19% of housing stock 34.000 housing units

**9%** of housing stock 15,000 housing units



Examples





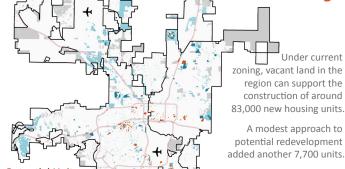




**New Housing?** 

Where Can We Build

# **How Will Household Characteristics** Change in Response to Growth?



**Potential Units** 2/3 of vacant land on Vacant Land is zoned for traditional single-family development, 13% largely at the edge of our 53% community where infrastructure is not yet available. 20%

There is a noticeable lack of higherdensity "Missing Middle" housing potential that can help fill the gap for workforce and lower-income households.

Services Area (TMSA).

Washoe County by the year 2035.

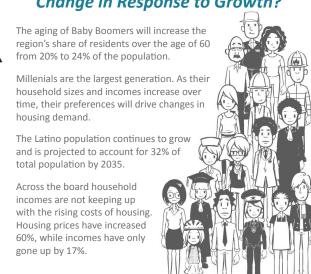
We expect 99% of that growth to

occur within the Truckee Meadows

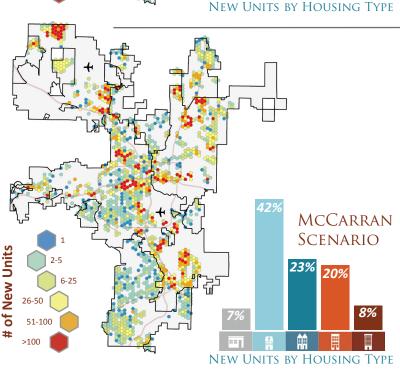
\*Source: 2014 Washoe County Consensus Forecast. Any forecast of the future represents a point in time understanding. Check out www.tmrpa.org

for the most up to date population forecast information.

20 years. 50,000 New **Housing Units** 



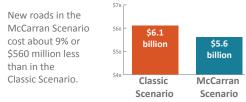
# **FUTURE HOUSING SCENARIOS** CLASSIC **SCENARIO** of New Units 20% 13% 26-50 51-100



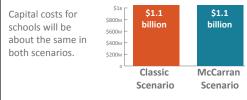
# **Costs of Providing Key Services** For Different Patterns of Growth

The location of housing units is very important to local government agencies, as servicing land in a more compact development pattern is less expensive.

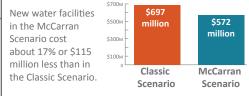
### **Transportation - Regional Transportation Commission**



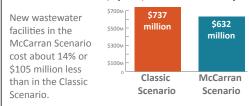
#### Schools - Washoe County School District



### **Potable Water - Truckee Meadows Water Authority**



#### Wastewater - Reno, Sparks, and Washoe County



Capital costs for infrastructure in the McCarran Scenario, the more compact development pattern, are expected to be about \$780 million less than in the Classic Scenario.

A more detailed analysis of additional infrastructure and services, as well as operations and maintenance costs, will likely show a larger savings in the price of serving our region under a compact growth scenario.

## PUBLIC POLICY OPPORTUNITIES

The Truckee Meadows region needs a wider variety of housing types to meet anticipated demographic shifts and affordable housing needs.

The cost of ownership of single-family detached housing in the Truckee Meadows has increased by more than 60% over the last two decades, while household incomes have only increased by about 17%.

Local governments and service providers all face pressing fiscal challenges to provide services and infrastructure.

#### POTENTIAL STEPS

- Capitalize on public resource investments by supporting development in areas with lower infrastructure and service costs to support new growth by maximizing tax revenue possibilities and minimizing service expenditures.
- · Consider housing and transportation costs together to capture housing cost burden in the region, and engage with the community to fully understand housing affordability issues.
- Scenario planning tools should be incorporated into the Regional Plan in the 2017 update. These tools should include the ability to analyze revenue for different development patterns.
- Review the tensions between market trends and current land use regulations that inhibit infill and higher densities of housing and employment.
- · Use financial feasibility modeling to understand current market capacity for housing in comparison to approved zoning.
- · Create a small competitive grant fund to assist in developing denser housing products, thereby reducing some of the risk for the private market.
- Further evaluate the links that exist between housing, employment, essential services and transportation in our community through the 2017-18 TMRPA/RTC Shared Work Program.
- Partner with the local jurisdictions and affected entities in a discussion on existing and future capital improvement plans to maximize the use of public resources.
- Consider reviewing new development for cumulative impacts based on availability and capacity of infrastructure and proximity of services.
- Analyze long-term operations and maintenance required of the public sector to support development patterns, including review of total costs versus total revenues for services.



Because how we grow matters.



**DECEMBER** 

















